Automata Teory Course Quiz-2 (2016-2017Fall)

(Please use free space for draft and fit your answer to boxes.)

1. (50*P*) Find whether given grammar can produce "bbbaaababa" or not. $(S \rightarrow bS|A, A \rightarrow aA|aAa|B, B \rightarrow bBb|A)$

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The first, enumerate the rules:
1) S→bS 2) S→A 3)A→aA 4)A→aAa 5) A→B 6)B→bBb 7)B→A

The second, start with initial variable S
1 1 1 2 3 3 4 5
S→bS→bbS→bbbS→bbbA→bbbaA→bbbaaA→bbbaaaAa→bbbaaaBa

6 7 3
→bbbaaabBba→bbbaaabAba→bbbaaabAba

We could produce it, but since there is not a stop rule, we cannot stop the system. So it is not an absolute solution.
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2. (50*P*) According to grammar below, write PDA functions down. ($S \rightarrow AB|\epsilon$, $A \rightarrow a|AB|AA$, $B \rightarrow b|BA$)

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The first, enumerate the rules:
R1) S \rightarrow AB R2) S \rightarrow \epsilon R3) A \rightarrow a R4) A \rightarrow AB R5) A \rightarrow AA R6) B \rightarrow b R7) B \rightarrow BA
According to the first type of rules (X \rightarrow XY)
        qa$→qNBA
                          for R1
        qb$→qNBA
                          for R1
        qaA→qNBA
                          for R4
        qbA→qNBA
                          for R4
         qaA→qNAA
                          for R5
                          for R5
        abA→aNAA
                          for R7
        qaB→qNAB
                          for R7
        qbB→qNAB
According to the second type of rules (X \rightarrow x)
                          for R3
        qaA→qRε
        qbB→qRε
                          for R6
According to the third type of rules (S \rightarrow \varepsilon)
        q#$→qNε
                          for R2
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